

Appendix 9A

Historic Environment Background and Gazetteer

Appendix 9A: Historic Environment Background and Gazetteer

9.1 Introduction

9.1.1 This Appendix contains the historic environment background of the Proposed Development and provides details of:

- Previous archaeological investigations;
- Historic background;
- Archaeological potential of the Proposed Development; and
- A gazetteer of all heritage assets within the Proposed Development and Study Areas¹.

Previous Investigations

9.1.2 Five previous investigations have taken place within the Development Site. These were as follows:

- In the far north of the Development Site: Desk based assessment and Walkover Survey at Braevallich, Loch Awe, Argyll, 2003 (West of Scotland Archaeology Service (**WoSAS**) **Event 1146**). A walkover survey prior to the laying of a hydro-electricity pipe and the construction of six weirs and a pumping station. The survey recorded traces of medieval and postmedieval agriculture including clearance cairns, a corn drying kiln and rig and furrow traces.
- Archaeological Survey and Excavation: Allt Fearna and Allt nam Muc, Douglas Water, Inveraray, Argyll, 2006 (**WoSAS Event 4136**): Two previously unrecorded groups of shielings were recorded. 12 individual features were recorded at Allt nam Muc and 18 features were recorded at Allt Fearna, 15 of them shieling huts.
- An Suidhe Wind Farm, Argyll and Bute: Archaeological Assessment and Mitigation Proposals, 2006 (**WoSAS Event 3582**). Five shepherd's cairns and three dry stone field boundary walls were recorded during a reconnaissance field survey carried out in advance of construction An Suidhe Wind Farm in May-August 2006. Three of the cairns and the three field walls are shown on the 1st Edition Ordnance Survey map (1869) and one other cairn is shown on the current Ordnance Survey 1:25000 scale map.
- Eredine/Brenchoillie Forest: An Archaeological Survey, 2006 (**WoSAS Event 3586**). A total of 91 features were recorded, the majority of which related to individual shielings or groups of shielings located uphill. Similarities were noted in the siting of the shieling groups, which tended to be near a water source (by burns or lochs), with the majority at the base of south or east-facing ridges. Where the areas had not been forested the shieling groups appear to overlook former grazing areas, usually sheltered and relatively level terraces at the base of glens. In most cases locally (and perhaps easily) available stone was used in their construction.

¹ Information on the Study Areas can be found in EIA Report Chapter 9 – Historic Environment.

- Kilmichael, Kilmory, Ardcastle & Minard Forests: An Archaeological Survey, 2007 (**WoSAS Event 3595**). The survey work highlighted the presence of several well preserved and reasonably accessible settlements sites or townships. These indicate the pattern of landscape use prior to dramatic change within settlement patterns from the early 10th century.

Baseline Summary

- 9.1.3 The descriptions of the heritage assets that form the baseline for the Historic Environment impact assessment are provided in **Table 9.A.1 Historic Environment Gazetteer** and the locations are shown in **Figure 9.1** (Designated Heritage Assets and WoSAS non-statutory register (NSR) records) and **Figure 9.2** (Non-Designated Heritage Assets and previous investigation records). Each entry in the gazetteer has a heritage asset (HA) reference number which is used to identify it within the assessment; the reference numbers are also consistent with those used in **Figure 9.2**.
- 9.1.4 There are no designated heritage assets within the Development Site, though it contains 198 heritage assets recorded through prior survey and evidence through historic mapping (**Figure 9.2**). In total, 133 of these heritage assets are shielings or shieling-huts chiefly distributed along/near watercourses. The remaining 65 heritage assets largely relate to former agricultural structures, cairns and potential settlement remains:
- A cairn interpreted as a potential cist (stone burial pit) in the far west of the Development Site (**WoSAS pin 58452**) (**HA154**);
 - Three walls (**HA133-135**);
 - Nine recorded as structure, structures, or building (**HA82-83, HA104, HA125, HA132, HA199, HA202, HA207, HA208**);
 - Four sheepfolds (**HA150, HA152, HA187, HA188**);
 - Two records related to settlements (**HA118, HA126**);
 - Two rock shelters (**HA116, HA206**);
 - Two platforms (**HA97, HA189**);
 - One pit (**WoSAS pin 57844, HA136**);
 - One “natural feature” (**WoSAS pin 57845**) (**HA137**);
 - Two mines (**HA94, HA138**);
 - One house (**WoSAS pin 15533**) (**HA93**);
 - Three enclosures (**HA157, HA178, HA181**);
 - Two records relating to the Auchindrain-Durran drove road in the centre of the Development Site and a further record relating to a drove road in the far southwest of the Development Site (**HA169, HA224**) and a further record relating to a drove road in the far southwest of the Development Site (**HA173**);
 - Four crofts, two of which are also recorded as settlements (**HA163, HA165, HA172, HA177**);
 - 15 cairns, of which 11 are positioned lining the Auchindrain-Durran drove road and interpreted as markers, with the remaining four interpreted as the result of field clearance (**HA117, HA128-HA131, HA155, HA161, HA168, HA183, HA190-HA193, HA198**);

- Two records relating to burial grounds, of which one is paired with a recorded cist (**HA95, HA98**);
- Two bridges (**HA194, HA212**); and
- Two bloomeries (**HA92, HA156**).

9.1.5 There are 420 designated heritage assets located within the extended Study Area consisting of:

- 143 Scheduled Monuments;
- 269 Listed Buildings comprising 43 Category A, 142 Category B, and 84 Category C;
- Three Garden and Designated Landscapes (GDLs); and
- Five Conservation Areas.

9.1.6 All designated heritage assets with no visibility according to the ZTV provided for blade tips have been scoped out. (see Figure 9.1). the remaining heritage assets consist of:

- 41 Scheduled Monuments;
- 29 Listed Buildings comprising eight Category A, 17 Category B and four Category C;
- Three Garden and Designed Landscapes (GDLs); and
- Two Conservation Areas.

Chronology

Prehistoric (12000 BCE – CE 400)

9.1.7 No heritage assets securely assigned to the prehistoric or Iron Age periods have been identified within the Development Site. The earliest known activity within the extended study area relates to the Neolithic period. This is characterised by the presence of long cairns at Ardchnonnel, 4km north of the Development Site (**SM4173**) (**HA39**), Auchoish, 11.8km southwest of the Development Site (**SM173**), Auchachenna, 12.5km north of the Development Site, (**SM4047**) and Crarae Lodge 3.5km south of the Development Site (**SM2310**) in addition to cairns at Auchindrain, 1km southwest of the Development Site (**WoSAS pin 1560**) (**HA27**) and Creag Mhor, 975m southwest of the Development Site (**WoSAS pin 1554**). The placement of these funerary monuments in relation to the larger bodies of water within the extended study area is conspicuous: If not on knolls or promontories, otherwise in positions that overlook Lochs Awe and Fyne. The exception to this is the Auchoish chambered cairn, located overlooking the Auchoish burn as it flows southwest to Lochgilphead.

9.1.8 Bronze Age remains within the extended study area represent some of the more prominent examples of this period's monumentality and art within Scotland, particularly within Kilmartin Glen at the western extremity of the extended study area. Prominent examples include the Nether Largie complex of scheduled monuments. This encompasses three burial cairns at Nether Largie North (**SM13294**), Mid (**SM13298**) and South (**SM13299**) running north to south along the floor of Kilmartin Glen in addition to the Nether Largie Standing Stones (**SM218**) and cup-marked rock (**SM217**). The emergence of cup-and ring art associated with this period is pronounced in this region, with 24 scheduled examples of marked rock panels within the extended study area in addition to marks on monuments such as the Nether Largie standing stones in addition. A clear interpretation of this visual tradition remains elusive.

- 9.1.9 The later Bronze Age moving into the Iron Age sees the emergence of defended upland and promontory settlements in the form of duns in addition to lower-lying crannogs, particularly around Loch Awe. Duns in the area are typically sited to overlook bodies or courses of water and valley floors.

Early medieval and medieval (CE 400 to CE 1560)

- 9.1.10 Key heritage assets within the Study Area associated with the early medieval period include the prominent examples of Dunadd Fort², 12.9km southwest of the Development Site (**SM90108**), early Christian settlement at Rubha na Fidhle, 2.7km northwest of the Development Site (**SM288**) (**HA56**) and prominently sited ecclesiastical sites such as Chapel of Kilbride (**SM3337**) (**HA36**), 4.8km south of the Development Site.
- 9.1.11 The medieval period saw the establishment and consolidation of political centres for regional clans: the Campbells at Ardchonnell on Loch Awe, 3.4km north of the Development Site (**SM291**) (**HA42**) and the Lachlans at Strach Lachlan, 6.1km south of the Development Site (**SM292**) (**HA37**). The numerous shielings present within the Development Site may point to medieval origins as a pattern of pastoral transhumanism became established in the region, likely supported by the drove road between Auchindrain and Durran (**WoSAS pin 15469, 59015**) (**HA169, HA224**). Tangible/upstanding remains are more likely to reflect ongoing postmedieval use of previously established shieling locations.

Post-medieval (CE 1560 – 1900)

- 9.1.12 The majority of heritage assets known to survive within the Development Site are either assigned to or anticipated to be post-medieval in date. The historic drove road linking the Auchindrain township to the south with Durran to the north that bisects the Development Site is lined by marker cairns. In the far southeast of the Development Site, accounts of a cist recorded during farm clearance align with local traditions surrounding a former chapel and burial ground within the area, and a 19th century copper mine is recorded adjacent to Loch Leacann at the Development Site's southern boundary.
- 9.1.13 Activity within the Development Site and the Study Area within this period would have seen changes in land use and management brought on by the clearances. As the clearances progressed within landholdings of the Dukes of Argyll, land including the Development Site would have been given over to rough pasture and any existing townships, depopulated. A number of cleared tenant farmers would, in the short to medium term, have been absorbed by a burgeoning fishing industry on Loch Fyne associated with the Firth of Clyde, particularly as the burghs of Inveraray and Lochgilphead developed. Roy's map of the Highlands (1747-52) and George Langlands' map (1771-1810) show a sparse pattern of isolated farmsteads within the Development Site, largely located around the loch shores. The 1st edition OS mapping of 1876 onwards shows the Development Site as open and pastoral land until the end of the 19th century.

Modern (1900 – present day)

- 9.1.14 OS mapping from the 20th century shows a continuation of the open, pastoral land use within the Development Site. Commercial forestry plantations are visible in aerial imagery as early as 1985 in the northwest and southeast of the Development Site, having expanded to the centre by the mid-1990s.

² Outwith the Zone of Theoretical Visibility (ZTV) and referenced here for period context.

Archaeological Potential

Factors affecting survival

- 9.1.15 Archaeological remains are not anticipated to survive within areas of the Development Site given over to commercial forestry owing to root action and impacts associated with storm damage and deforestation. Open, pastoral areas have a higher potential for the survival of remains.

Prehistoric

- 9.1.16 The Development Site has a **low** potential for survival of substantial archaeological remains associated with the prehistoric period. In the sole case of a heritage asset recorded within the Development Site (**HA154** - cairn interpreted as a potential cist in the far west of the Development Site), the association is tentative and, while some areas of it would lend themselves to the location of duns as at Loch Glashan, no such features have been recorded.

Early medieval and medieval

- 9.1.17 The Development Site has a **low** potential for survival of substantial archaeological remains associated with the early medieval and medieval periods. While the presence of shielings and shieling-huts within the Development Site may have a late medieval origin, this association is not clear and the settlement pattern within these periods appears to have been focused on areas of lower land around bodies of water, particularly the lochs and Kilmartin Glen.

Post-medieval

- 9.1.18 The Development Site has a **high** potential to contain post-medieval remains. The majority of heritage assets recorded within the Development Site are features associated with post-medieval practices of field clearance, waymarking, transportation and seasonal pasture. Remains consistent with this period and these practices may survive in areas of the Development Site not subjected to previous survey.

Modern

- 9.1.19 The Development Site has **negligible** potential to contain modern remains. There is no archaeological or cartographic evidence to suggest that there will be modern remains within the Development Site.

9.2 Historic Environment Gazetteer

Table 9A.1 Heritage assets within the Proposed Development and associated Study Areas³

HA ref.	Coordinates		Description	Period	WoSAS HER/HES ref.	Fig No.
	Easting	Northing				
HA1	218134	710937	Cairndow Inn is a Category C listed inn built in the 18th century. Once the only stage between Arrochar and Inverary on Military Road.	Post-medieval	LB11819	9.1
HA2	218054	710744	Kilmorich Parish Church, Cairndow is a Category A listed Gothick church dated to 1816. Octagonal with a tower on the west side.	Post-medieval	LB11818	9.1
HA3	217511	710384	Ardkinglas House is a Category A listed mansion built in 1906-8 by Sir Robert Lorimer. Large rambling mansion in Scottish style around open court. Built for Sir Andrew Noble on-site of mediaeval Ardkinglas Castle which had been destroyed in 1769.	Modern	LB13786	9.1
HA4	216911	709740	Ardkinglas and Strone garden and designed landscape is of outstanding horticultural interest for its woodland garden collections. It provides the setting for Robert Lorimer's Ardkinglas House and was valued as a work of art in its own right by 18th-19th century tourists and travellers to the Highlands.	Post-medieval	GDL00022	9.1

³ A Study Area of 1km from the boundary of the Development Site and an extended Study Area of 15km from it.

HA ref.	Coordinates		Description	Period	WoSAS HER/HES ref.	Fig No.
	Easting	Northing				
HA5	215753	708437	Tinkers' Heart, Scottish Travellers' commemorative monument 820m E of Ardno is a heart-shaped setting of quartz stones embedded in tarmac in a former road junction now lying within a field. Oral tradition suggests the site commemorates Scottish Travellers who died in the Jacobite uprising of 1745. Up until 1928, the site may have been marked by a heart-shaped piece of grass in the road. When the road was resurfaced in 1928, it appears the heart shape was restored using quartz stones.	Post-medieval/Modern	SM13615	9.1
HA6	215691	708083	Cairn 820m east-south-east of Ardno. No further information available.	Prehistoric	SM3499	9.1
HA7	214323	709648	Dunderave Castle is Category A listed building constructed in 1596 that fell into ruin and was restored by Sir Robert Lorimer in 1911-12. It replaced nearby Dubh Loch Castle (Inverary) as seat of MacNaughtons. The castle was passed to Campbells of Ardkinglas in the earlier 18th century and was acquired by Sir Andrew Noble, of Ardmore as part of Ardkinglas estate c.1905.	Modern	LB11769	9.1
HA8	212150	707499	St Catherine Hotel is a Category C listed mid-18th century inn. It is reputed that there has been a hostelry on this site since 1460. The inn's low wing may pre-date 1756 but this has not been established.	Post-medieval	LB49362	9.1

HA ref.	Coordinates		Description	Period	WoSAS HER/HES ref.	Fig No.
	Easting	Northing				
HA9	211395	710097	Garron Bridge on Inveraray Castle Estate is a Category A listed bridge constructed in 1747 by John Adam, Master of Works. Designed by Robert Morris, Architect.	Post-medieval	LB11550	9.1
HA10	211357	710123	Garron Screen Wall on Inveraray Castle Estate is a Category A listed Georgian screen wall constructed in 1775-6 by Robert Mylne between Lodge and Bridge.	Post-medieval	LB11549	9.1
HA11	211342	710134	Garron Lodge on Inveraray Castle Estate is a Category A listed Georgian lodge and gate piers constructed in 1775-6 by Robert Mylne.	Post-medieval	LB11548	9.1
HA12	210496	700837	Strachurmore is a Category B Georgian 2 storey building that is thought to date c.1825 but may include older section at the rear.	Post-medieval	LB18184	9.1
HA13	210080	710417	Inveraray Castle garden and designed landscape, incorporating Inveraray Conservation Area, is one of the most grandly conceived and culturally significant designed landscapes in Scotland reflecting over 300 years of landscape intervention and evolution by the Earls and Dukes of Argyll. The parklands, woodland plantations and key buildings within the policies have been orchestrated around the castle on a vast scale taking full advantage of the rugged natural topography and inland sea setting	Post-medieval	GDL00223, CA467	9.1

HA ref.	Coordinates		Description	Period	WoSAS HER/HES ref.	Fig No.
	Easting	Northing				
			and guided by the hand of numerous important designers including William and Robert Adam, William Boutcher and Walter Patterson, Robert Mylne and Roger Morris.			
HA14	210034	710124	Watch Tower, Dun Na Cuaiche, Inveraray Castle Estate is a Category A listed building constructed by Roger Morris, Architect and William Douglas, Mason in 1748. Considered a 'Gothick' folly.	Post-medieval	LB11543	9.1
HA15	209989	704546	The Tom nan Clach, cup and ring marked rock 560m east-north-east of Hazelbank is a scheduled monument comprised of a boulder marked with two cups each with two rings, eight cups with one ring, and over 20 other cups. The monument lies at 110m above sea level on relatively flat ground part way up steep west-facing slopes that rise above the east shore of Loch Fyne, which is 450m to the north-west.	Prehistoric	SM3426	9.1
HA16	209738	701830	A Dun, fort scheduled monument located 360m north of Strachur Church. No further information available.	Prehistoric	SM3522	9.1
HA17	209668	701377	Strachur Smiddy Museum is a Category B listed late 18 th century blacksmith's shop with forge and two furnaces.	Post-medieval	LB18781	9.1

HA ref.	Coordinates		Description	Period	WoSAS HER/HES ref.	Fig No.
	Easting	Northing				
HA18	209576	701530	Kilmaglash Parish Church and Sculptured Stones in Strachur is Category B listed Georgian church built in 1787. Oblong in shape with old graveslabs built into walls.	Post-medieval	LB18178	9.1
HA19	209558	701510	The Old Inn in Strachur is a Category B listed traditional style inn built in the 18 th century. Ceased to be used as an inn c.1900.	Post-medieval	LB18179	9.1
HA20	209331	701788	Betty Jenkins's Bridge is a Category B listed bridge possibly built in the later 18 th century and composed of random rubble.	Post-medieval	LB18182	9.1
HA21	209145	701558	Strachur Home Farm is a Category B late 18 th century farm comprised of L-plan house and four armed stable around a yard.	Post-medieval	LB18181	9.1
HA22	209094	701648	Strachur House. Category B listed Georgian house begun c.1770. Built for General John Campbell 17 th of Strachur. He was succeeded by his sister Janet, wife of Colin Campbell of Ederline.	Post-medieval	LB18180	9.1
HA23	209084	701577	Ornamental Bridge at Strachur House is a Category B listed segmental arch bridge built in the later 18 th century.	Post-medieval	LB19857	9.1
HA24	208995	701675	A fallen standing stone lies in a level playing-field 90m west-north-west of Strachur House. Close to its present south end, there are several other stones	Prehistoric	1534	9.1

HA ref.	Coordinates		Description	Period	WoSAS HER/HES ref.	Fig No.
	Easting	Northing				
			including a small upright slab and another measuring 1.17m by 1.05m and about 0.1m in thickness, which formerly stood on edge and may have been the side-slab of a cist.			
HA25	208791	701873	Lodge and Gateway at Strachur House is a Category B listed gateway and lodge possibly built in the later 18 th century.	Post-medieval	LB18183	9.1
HA26	205730	703665	Na Coireachan is a roughly rectangular enclosure measuring about 5.3m by 4.3m within a wall about 2.3m thick. The longer axis is aligned north-west and south-east. The east angle is overlain by a small ruined rectangular structure.		1550	9.1
HA27	203790	703385	Long cairn on a slight terrace on a north-facing slope 700m east-north-east of Auchindrain. The north-east and south-west aligned cairn, which is composed of substantial boulders, is 46.5m long; for much of its length, it has a width of about 6m, which increases to 8.8m at the south-west end, where a slab (1m by 0.7m and 0.1m thick), is visible in the cairn material. About 0.6m from the north-east end of the cairn an upright transverse slab (0.57m broad by 0.15m thick) projects 0.32m.	Prehistoric	1560	9.1
HA28	203490	698640	Eilean Math-Ghamhna / Newton. On the south-east flank of the tidal island at the west end of Newton Bay, and 4m to the	Prehistoric	5131	9.1

HA ref.	Coordinates		Description	Period	WoSAS HER/HES ref.	Fig No.
	Easting	Northing				
			east of the dun that occupies the south-west end of the island, a flat outcrop of rock bears five cup-markings, the largest measuring 80mm in diameter and 20mm in depth and the other four 50mm in diameter and 15mm in depth.			
HA29	203480	698630	Eilean Math-Ghamhna. This dun is situated on a small tidal islet at the west end of Newton Bay and 800m west-north-west of Newton. Oval on plan, the dun measures 22m by 15m internally, but it too has been heavily robbed and is represented by a low band of rubble 4m thick. A short stretch of outer facing-stones remains on the north-west, standing to a height of 1.1m in three courses and incorporating one very massive block.		5136	9.1
HA30	203250	697200	Feorline / Strathlachlan. A grass-covered mound 5.5m in diameter and 1.0m high, containing a high content of slag and charcoal. Situated within 2m of the bloomery mound was a circular depression c1.5m to 2m in diameter. Charcoal, slag metal, and evidence of heat were found, suggesting that it may be a 'pitstead'.	Medieval/Post-medieval	5139	9.1
HA31	203041	703145	The Category A-listed Auchindrain Township is a listed building covering 20 acres of infield land, on which, at time of listing, stood 23 structures (houses,		LB6798, CA459	9.1

HA ref.	Coordinates		Description	Period	WoSAS HER/HES ref.	Fig No.
	Easting	Northing				
			barns, byres, sheds, etc) of the late 18th and 19th centuries. Two modern buildings - a Colt house and a reception/display centre, both of which are of wooden construction are included in the listing. Auchindrain is a rare survival of a multiple-tenancy farm that remained in joint occupation following the 18 th -19 th century processes of the Scottish Clearances that entrenched sole tenancies in the region. This arrangement persisted even as the pre-improvement runrig system of field cultivation was abandoned and Auchindrain began to operate as a sheep farm. The township persisted as joint tenancy until 1963 when the last inhabitant retired. The township has been restored and operated as a Museum of Farming Life since. The listed building covers multiple individual structures in an area contiguous with Auchindrain Conservation Area			
HA32	202605	700099	Charcoal Shed, Craleckan Ironworks at Furnace is a Category A mid-18th century, rectangular-plan, rubble former charcoal store built into slope to north-east with later alterations. Built as part of an iron smelting works by Duddon and Co. of Cumbria and converted to a Drill Hall in the 1880s.	Post-medieval	LB49844	9.1

HA ref.	Coordinates		Description	Period	WoSAS HER/HES ref.	Fig No.
	Easting	Northing				
HA33	202570	700055	The scheduled remains of ironworks at Furnace was founded by the Duddon Co. from Cumbria in 1755, under a 57-year lease from the Duke of Argyll. The company was attracted by the plentiful supplies of charcoal to be found in Argyll. Production ceased in 1812 with the expiry of the lease. It is possible that several of the later alterations to the buildings relate to the Loch Fyne Powder Works, which were founded nearby in 1841.	Post-medieval	SM2530	9.1
HA34	202226	700456	The scheduled remains of the gunpowder-works at Lochfyne, Furnace, which are situated on the west bank of the Leacann Water, 400m north-west of the old iron-furnace. The powder works were established by Robert Sheriff and son after 1841; they were abandoned following a disastrous explosion in 1883.	Post-medieval	SM5813	9.1
HA35	201427	716722	The scheduled Ballimeanoch chapel and burial ground. No further information available.		SM4227	9.1
HA36	200710	696600	The scheduled remains of the Chapel of Kilbride, located 240m south-east of Kilbride Island, probably dating to the Early Christian period (about AD 400 to 900). The chapel is orientated east to west and lies within a sub-circular enclosure. A possible grave-slab lies north of the chapel and a later enclosure	Early medieval	SM3337	9.1

HA ref.	Coordinates		Description	Period	WoSAS HER/HES ref.	Fig No.
	Easting	Northing				
			with a building at the east end lies to the northeast. This chapel is situated on a headland bounded by cliffs to northwest and southwest on the east coast of Loch Fyne at about 15m above sea-level.			
HA37	200518	695288	The scheduled remains of Lachlan Castle. No further information available.	Medieval	SM292	9.1
HA38	200130	717751	Carn Dubh is the scheduled remains of a crannog east of Inverinan. No further information available.	Prehistoric/early medieval	SM4175	9.1
HA39	199330	712763	The scheduled remains of a long cairn located 1200m east-north-east of Ardchonnell. No further information available.	Prehistoric	SM4173	9.1
HA40	198515	697435	Crarae garden and designed landscape is a spectacular Himalayan-style woodland garden containing many rare and unusual plants. Crarae is also notable for its forestry planting, displaying the shape and growth habits of many interesting trees.	Post-medieval	GDL00118	9.1
HA41	197790	710556	The scheduled remains of a dun at Barr Mor. No further information available.		SM4159	9.1
HA42	197700	711946	Ardchonnell Castle and Island of Innis Chonnell, Loch Awe. No further information available.		SM291	9.1

HA ref.	Coordinates		Description	Period	WoSAS HER/HES ref.	Fig No.
	Easting	Northing				
HA43	197558	695097	Brainport Bay, stone alignments and quern quarries is a scheduled monument believed to have been used for astronomical observations, associated with a number of artefact quarrying sites, and comprises several elements including a terraced platform with standing stones, an alignment of cup marked boulders, an arrangement of standing stones and recumbent stones that covers an area c. 40m by 30m, and a carved stone 300m north of the main alignment a rock outcrop bears patterns of incised lines on its top, south and west faces.	Prehistoric	SM5283	9.1
HA44	197404	714570	The scheduled remains of an enclosure located 280m north-east of Kilmun. No further information available.		SM4189	9.1
HA45	197300	711070	The scheduled remains of a chapel and burial ground located on Innis Errich on Loch Awe. No further information available.		SM4214	9.1
HA46	197291	694258	Minard Castle is a Category B listed building dated 1848. Built by John T Rothead, Glasgow, for John Pender MP, it replaced another ancient castle of Campbell of Auchinbreck.	Post-medieval	LB11045	9.1
HA47	197226	694498	Stable House at Minard Castle is a Category B listed early 19th century	Post-medieval	LB11046	9.1

HA ref.	Coordinates		Description	Period	WoSAS HER/HES ref.	Fig No.
	Easting	Northing				
			Georgian coach house and stables built around a yard.			
HA48	197122	714519	The scheduled remains of a chapel and burial ground located 125m north-north-west of Kilmun. The remains of a possibly 13th century chapel and burial ground in use until 15th century but may have had earlier origins. The monument lies 120m above sea level on a relatively flat shelf, part-way down a south-east-facing slope, looking towards the west shore of Loch Awe some 700m away.	Medieval	SM4140	9.1
HA49	196895	695355	Weathered remains of a cup marked boulder recorded at Barr, Minard. The boulder is marked with a cup with three rings (360mm overall), a gutter which leads towards a partially ringed cup, and a plain cup-mark (60mm by 20mm). An adjacent outcrop to the south bears two cup-marks, the larger of which measures 80mm by 20mm.	Prehistoric	4612	9.1
HA50	196821	712400	Dalavich Kirk is a Category C listed kirk built c.1770.	Post-medieval	LB11891	9.1
HA51	196579	714235	The scheduled remains of an enclosure 600m west-south-west of Kilmun. No further information available.		SM4190	9.1
HA52	196368	710467	The scheduled remains of a crannog located 1100m south-west of Innis Errich. No further information available.		SM4185	9.1

HA ref.	Coordinates		Description	Period	WoSAS HER/HES ref.	Fig No.
	Easting	Northing				
HA53	195790	709813	The scheduled remains of a crannog within Loch Awe, Carn Mhic Chealair. No further information available.		SM4141	9.1
HA54	195325	688000	The scheduled remains of a cairn dating to the Bronze Age visible as a circular mound of stones measuring approximately 20m in diameter and standing up to 2m high. The monument is situated close to the summit of Creag Evanachan at 195m above sea level.	Prehistoric	SM3408	9.1
HA55	194770	697490	Allt an Dubhair. The remains of a fort occupy the east end of a ridge 900m west of Feorlin. The wall, which encloses an area of rough grass and rocky outcrops measuring some 45m by 30m, is built markedly below the level of the summit on the north and west, where it measures about 2.25m in average thickness. On the south and east, where the site is defended by cliffs, there are only slight traces of walling. The entrance, which is some 2m wide, is situated on the west.		4616	9.1
HA56	193787	707808	The scheduled remains of an early Christian settlement on the headland called Rubha na Fidhle, on the north-west shore of Loch Awe. The remains include turf covered mounds showing the lines of several walls, both of discrete buildings (believed to include a small chapel) and of boundary walls across the	Early medieval	SM288	9.1

HA ref.	Coordinates		Description	Period	WoSAS HER/HES ref.	Fig No.
	Easting	Northing				
			promontory. On a rock outcrop towards the south-west end of the promontory, there is a "Maltese"-type cross flanked by two figures.			
HA57	193263	698075	A standing stone stands in moorland near the left bank of the River Add about 2km south-west of Carron; aligned east and west, it stands 1.8m in height and is 2.4m in girth at the base. It has straight sides and a flat top.	Prehistoric	4614	9.1
HA58	192914	715371	The scheduled remains of an enclosure located 800m west-north-west of Lochavich House. No further information available.		SM4149	9.1
HA59	192278	693015	The scheduled remains of a dun located 260m east of Loch Glashan. Later prehistoric dun or defensive dwelling, sited on a ridge above Loch Glashan. Extensive tumbled stone on the outer side of the wall indicates that the dun could have stood to some considerable height and may well have had an upper floor. The remains of three later sheilings have been built using the walls.	Prehistoric	SM10871	9.1
HA60	188990	705210	A possibly chambered cairn stands on the top of a small rocky ridge near Inverliever. The cairn is oval on plan and is now turf-covered with many of the cairn stones showing through. The main axis is north-north-east to south-south-	Prehistoric	913	9.1

HA ref.	Coordinates		Description	Period	WoSAS HER/HES ref.	Fig No.
	Easting	Northing				
			west. In the centre, a small chamber or large cist of Schist slabs is exposed, oriented along the cairn axis. The west side is formed of a slab 7' 5" long, 10" thick and exposed to a height of 1' 6". Across the south end is a slab 2' 8" long. The slab which has evidently formed the east side lies almost flat across the chamber. The cairn material stretches 26' 6" in front of the chamber, whilst at a distance of 10' 8" NE of the chamber is an earthfast upright stone, facing NW, measuring 2 feet in width and projecting 1' 5".			
HA61	188940	704840	Situated in the bay between Liever Island and Rubha Mhic Chaisein in Loch Awe and 60m from the shore, there is a crannog which measures about 20m by 18m, with a curving stony spit on the north, probably the protecting arm of a boat-landing.	Prehistoric	964	9.1
HA62	188083	704761	The scheduled remains of Dun Toiseach located 300m south-east of Torran Farm. Remains of a dun, a fortification of late prehistoric date, set on a rocky knoll overlooking the south end of Loch Awe. The location commands a view over the point at which travellers from the south-west, particularly the Kilmartin area, would have transferred between foot or horse and boats on the waters of Loch Awe.	Prehistoric	SM10872	9.1

HA ref.	Coordinates		Description	Period	WoSAS HER/HES ref.	Fig No.
	Easting	Northing				
HA63	187200	688640	Firgrove Lodge at Argyle and Bute Hospital is a Category C listed later to late 19th century L-plan lodge-style gabled house that formerly accommodated the hospital's steward. The Argyll and Bute Hospital (the West House) set the pattern for the subsequent asylums built during the latter 1860's and early 1870's.	Post-medieval	LB48640	9.1
HA64	186877	703771	The scheduled remains of a cairn 60m east of Forestry Houses in Ford. Subcircular on plan, the cairn measures about 8m in diameter and 0.7m in height and has been slightly quarried on the north-west arc.	Prehistoric	SM5442	9.1
HA65	186740	703863	The scheduled remains of a cup-marked rock located 130m north-north-west of Forestry Houses. Cup-marked rock is situated on the south-south-west end of a rock outcrop which is immediately accessible from a forestry track, although located within a plantation. The rock outcrop measures 22m from north-north-east to south-south-west end by 5.5m transversely. At its south-south-west end are two cup-marks surrounded by two and three rings respectively. Most of the rock outcrop is covered with moss and vegetation, which probably obscure further examples. Reports in the early 1960s stated that cup and cup-and-ring	Prehistoric	SM5709	9.1

HA ref.	Coordinates		Description	Period	WoSAS HER/HES ref.	Fig No.
	Easting	Northing				
			markings extend over the entire surface of the rock outcrop in two main groups.			
HA66	186674	703308	The scheduled remains of stone setting 270m south-west of Ford Hotel. Of the two stones which originally stood in this field, only one now remains in situ; it measures 0.7m by 0.55m at the base and rises with straight sides to a flat top at a height of 3m. The Ordnance Survey Name Book records that 'one of the stones is about 10ft. high the other only a few inches. They are supposed to mark the site of an ancient grave' and both stones are depicted on the first edition map, but by 1900 only one stone is depicted, and the second stone is said to have been removed to Auchinellan House	Prehistoric	SM202	9.1
HA67	186515	703843	The scheduled remains of cup-marked rocks 1150m north of Auchinellan. Three cup-marked rocks which are situated close to the old drove road which leads north-west from Ford to Salachary. There are eight plain cup-marks on the upper surface of a boulder (1.1m by 1.0m) which lies on the west flank of a rocky knoll to the south of the track. About 135m north-east of this boulder is a rock outcrop, about 11m north of the track, which bears a much weathered group of carvings which includes: one cup with two rings; five cups with single rings; one	Prehistoric	SM5516	9.1

HA ref.	Coordinates		Description	Period	WoSAS HER/HES ref.	Fig No.
	Easting	Northing				
			dumb-bell; and six plain cups. The third example, also an outcrop, is situated a further 45m west-north-west of the second example, immediately north of the highest point of the track; on its upper surface are two plain cup-marks.			
HA68	186497	703936	The scheduled remains of cup-marked rocks and enclosure located 1250m north of Auchinellan. Two cup-marked rocks and an enclosure situated in open moorland about 450m north-west of Ford Post Office. The enclosure, probably a prehistoric settlement, is roughly circular on plan and measures 17m in diameter within a stone revetted bank 1.5m in thickness and 0.5m in height. Considerable numbers of outer facing stones are visible, particularly on the west, but only two stones of the inner face can be identified. Although the position of the entrance is not certain, it probably lay on the north-east.	Prehistoric	SM5669	9.1
HA69	186225	701667	The scheduled remains of cup-marked rock and cairns located west of Stroneskar. Three burial cairns and a cup-marked rock which are situated on the south side of the public road from Glennan to Stroneskar. The cup-markings are situated on a rock outcrop at the edge of the level valley floor, about 200m south-east of Tigh a'Charnain Cottage. At least six plain cup-marks	Prehistoric	SM5710	9.1

HA ref.	Coordinates		Description	Period	WoSAS HER/HES ref.	Fig No.
	Easting	Northing				
			have been noted. The westernmost cairn (NM860015) is situated on a rise 100m south-south-west of Tigh a'Charnain and 150m east of a (scheduled) standing stone; robbing has reduced it to a spread of stone about 15m in diameter and up to 0.3m in height, to which field clearance has been added. The central cairn of the group (NM862016) is heavily robbed. It is situated on the crest of a slight rise 70m east of Tigh a'Charnain and about 170m north-east of the above cairn. It measures about 31m in diameter and up to 0.6m in height. The north side has been clipped by a road, and field-cleared stones have been dumped elsewhere on it. The easternmost cairn (NM866017) is situated 500m east-north-east of Tigh a'Charnain on a flat-topped ridge. The grass-covered stony mound measures 13m in diameter and 0.4m in height.			
HA70	185956	701571	The scheduled remains of standing stone at south end of Loch Ederline at Creagantairbh Beag. Broken standing stone is situated immediately east of the public road (B840). Aligned east-west, the stump measures 1.4m by 0.5m at the base and rises to a height of 1.8m. From the size of the broken portion, which was blown down in 1879, and now lies immediately to the east, it would appear that the original height of the stone was about 5m.	Prehistoric	SM194	9.1

HA ref.	Coordinates		Description	Period	WoSAS HER/HES ref.	Fig No.
	Easting	Northing				
HA71	185468	703630	The scheduled remains of a fort at Dun Chonallaich. Irregularly shaped stone-walled fort with outworks situated on a rocky hilltop. The fort is aligned north-east and south-west and measures about 37m by 16m within a wall that follows the irregular outlines of the summit area. The wall varies in thickness from 4.5m on the north-west to 1.5m on the south. Much of the interior is occupied by a rocky spine, which is surmounted by a modern cairn. A number of modern structures have been built within the fort for use as a film-set. In addition there are a number of ruined foundations.	Prehistoric	SM5473	9.1
HA72	184820	692339	The scheduled remains of a cairn and two standing stones located 460m east-north-east of Dunamuck. A burial cairn and two standing stones of Neolithic or Bronze Age date. The cairn survives as a grass-covered stony mound, sub-oval in shape, standing up to 0.6m high. The two large prostrate stones are located about 25m to the south-east of the cairn.	Prehistoric	SM198	9.1
HA73	184578	691940	The scheduled remains of a chambered cairn at Dunamuck. Remains of a Neolithic chambered burial cairn visible as a stony mound. The cairn lies at about 45m OD in an undulating field, occupying a low knoll overlooking the flood plain of the River Add. The cairn has an irregular outline from previous damage including	Prehistoric	SM11053	9.1

HA ref.	Coordinates		Description	Period	WoSAS HER/HES ref.	Fig No.
	Easting	Northing				
			robbing, ploughing and the dumping of field clearance stones.			
HA74	183980	691038	The scheduled remains of prehistoric rock art located 230m north and 215m north-north-east of Cairnbaan Hotel. The rock art is carved on two areas of outcropping bedrock, about 100m apart. The area to the east contains three carved rock outcrops adjacent to each other, while the area to the west comprises a single, carved rock panel lying flush with the ground.	Prehistoric	SM13211	9.1
HA75	183453	700791	The scheduled remains of two standing stones located 500m south-west of Carnasserie. No further information available.	Prehistoric	SM187	9.1
HA76	183382	700675	The scheduled remains of a cairn located 550m west-south-west of Carnasserie Castle. Prehistoric cairn of the Neolithic or Bronze Age visible as a roughly circular mound of stones, approximately 30m in diameter and standing up to 1.5m high. The cairn is of particular interest because partial excavation has revealed significant structural, artefactual and environmental remains.	Prehistoric	SM186	9.1
HA77	182652	700379	The scheduled remains of a cairn located at Dun mac Samhainn. Robbed circular cairn measuring roughly 16m in diameter	Prehistoric	SM201	9.1

HA ref.	Coordinates		Description	Period	WoSAS HER/HES ref.	Fig No.
	Easting	Northing				
			and standing up to 1m high. There is a small modern cairn piled in the centre.			
HA78	182293	700258	The scheduled remains of a dun at Dun Mac Samhainn. A dun situated on a knoll in a forestry plantation. The dun is sub-triangular on plan and measures 11m by 9.5m within a stone wall (reduced by robbing to little more than a band of core material about 2.5m thick).	Prehistoric	SM5474	9.1
HA79	181226	697855	The scheduled remains of a cairn located at Lady's Seat, 420m west-north-west of Ballygowan. No further information available.	Prehistoric	SM211	9.1
HA80	180645	692410	Crinan Canal conservation area	Post-medieval	CA461	9.1
HA81	198849	704750	Shieling-huts	Post-medieval	1304	
HA82	198750	704620	Building; Structure	Post-medieval	1305	9.2
HA83	198736	704602	Building; Structure	Post-medieval	1305	9.2
HA84	197348	703497	Shieling-huts	Post-medieval	1306	9.2
HA85	196894	702714	Shieling-huts	Post-medieval	1307	9.2
HA86	195416	700655	Shieling-huts	Post-medieval	1308	9.2
HA87	200760	705900	Shieling-huts	Post-medieval	1525	9.2
HA88	201116	705975	Shieling-huts	Post-medieval	1526	9.2

HA ref.	Coordinates		Description	Period	WoSAS HER/HES ref.	Fig No.
	Easting	Northing				
HA89	201667	706728	Shieling-huts	Post-medieval	1527	9.2
HA90	202078	707176	Shieling-huts	Post-medieval	1528	9.2
HA91	202416	707425	Shieling-huts	Post-medieval	1529	9.2
HA92	196550	706150	Bloomery	Post-medieval	15471	9.2
HA93	194850	699750	House	Post-medieval	15533	9.2
HA94	200500	703500	Copper Mine	Post-medieval	1557	9.2
HA95	204900	704600	Burial Ground; Cist	Prehistoric	1563	9.2
HA96	203870	706850	Shieling-hut (possible)	Post-medieval	44790	9.2
HA97	196300	706140	Platform	Post-medieval	51765	9.2
HA98	200959	701545	Burial Ground; Cist	Post-medieval	59010	9.2
HA99	199396	703471	Shieling	Post-medieval	53855	9.2
HA100	199396	703672	Shieling	Post-medieval	53856	9.2
HA101	199376	703441	Shieling	Post-medieval	53857	9.2
HA102	199376	703441	Shieling	Post-medieval	53858	9.2
HA103	199375	703428	Shieling Hut	Post-medieval	53859	9.2
HA104	199394	703475	Shieling (possible); Structure	Post-medieval	53860	9.2
HA105	200821	704384	Shieling	Post-medieval	53861	9.2

HA ref.	Coordinates		Description	Period	WoSAS HER/HES ref.	Fig No.
	Easting	Northing				
HA106	200824	704391	Shieling	Post-medieval	53862	9.2
HA107	200833	704398	Shieling	Post-medieval	53863	9.2
HA108	200847	704395	Shieling	Post-medieval	53864	9.2
HA109	200894	704403	Shieling	Post-medieval	53865	9.2
HA110	200851	704406	Shieling	Post-medieval	53866	9.2
HA111	200866	704402	Shieling	Post-medieval	53867	9.2
HA112	200844	704429	Shieling Hut	Post-medieval	53868	9.2
HA113	200844	704429	Shieling (possible)	Post-medieval	53869	9.2
HA114	200844	704429	Shielings (possible)	Post-medieval	53870	9.2
HA115	200878	704441	Shieling Hut	Post-medieval	53871	9.2
HA116	196220	703574	Rock Shelter	Post-medieval	53877	9.2
HA117	198956	704542	Cairn	Post-medieval	53878	9.2
HA118	197084	705147	Settlement	Post-medieval	53889	9.2
HA119	200312	704039	Shieling	Post-medieval	53892	9.2
HA120	200924	704417	Shieling	Post-medieval	53897	9.2
HA121	200928	704433	Shieling	Post-medieval	53898	9.2
HA122	200933	704444	Shielling	Post-medieval	53899	9.2

HA ref.	Coordinates		Description	Period	WoSAS HER/HES ref.	Fig No.
	Easting	Northing				
HA123	200944	704443	Shieling	Post-medieval	53900	9.2
HA124	200981	704444	Shieling	Post-medieval	53901	9.2
HA125	196987	703477	Structures	Post-medieval	53904	9.2
HA126	196852	706037	Settlement	Post-medieval	53905	9.2
HA127	198886	705043	Shieling (possible)	Post-medieval	53908	9.2
HA128	199112	704328	Cairn	Post-medieval	53912	9.2
HA129	199215	704215	Cairn	Post-medieval	53913	9.2
HA130	199271	704135	Cairn	Post-medieval	53914	9.2
HA131	199350	704058	Cairn	Post-medieval	53915	9.2
HA132	197834	704604	Structure	Post-medieval	53918	9.2
HA133	204440	704230	Wall	Post-medieval	54019	9.2
HA134	204860	704830	Wall	Post-medieval	54020	9.2
HA135	204840	705070	Wall	Post-medieval	54021	9.2
HA136	196360	706200	Pit	Post-medieval	57844	9.2
HA137	197430	705360	Natural Feature (possible)	Post-medieval	57845	9.2
HA138	199486	701109	Mine	Post-medieval	58225	9.2
HA139	202468	707371	Shieling	Post-medieval	58241	9.2

HA ref.	Coordinates		Description	Period	WoSAS HER/HES ref.	Fig No.
	Easting	Northing				
HA140	202410	707410	Shieling	Post-medieval	58242	9.2
HA141	202800	706300	Shieling	Post-medieval	58243	9.2
HA142	203870	706870	Shieling	Post-medieval	58246	9.2
HA143	201147	705937	Shieling	Post-medieval	58248	9.2
HA144	199370	703440	Shieling	Post-medieval	58249	9.2
HA145	200757	705889	Shieling	Post-medieval	58250	9.2
HA146	200810	704380	Shieling	Post-medieval	58251	9.2
HA147	201687	706707	Shieling	Post-medieval	58252	9.2
HA148	195418	700649	Shieling	Post-medieval	58256	9.2
HA149	202100	707100	Shieling	Post-medieval	58258	9.2
HA150	203420	707652	Sheepfold	Post-medieval	58260	9.2
HA151	204490	707570	Shieling	Post-medieval	58261	9.2
HA152	204888	704627	Sheepfold	Post-medieval	58266	9.2
HA153	198823	704809	Shieling	Post-medieval	58447	9.2
HA154	196230	703530	Cairn; Cist	Prehistoric	58452	9.2
HA155	195850	703530	Cairn	Post-medieval	58453	9.2
HA156	196500	706100	Bloomery	Post-medieval	58456	9.2

HA ref.	Coordinates		Description	Period	WoSAS HER/HES ref.	Fig No.
	Easting	Northing				
HA157	197834	704604	Enclosure	Post-medieval	58457	9.2
HA158	198947	704533	Cairn	Post-medieval	58458	9.2
HA159	196901	702710	Shieling	Post-medieval	58461	9.2
HA160	197354	702807	Shieling	Post-medieval	58462	9.2
HA161	194300	703800	Cairn	Post-medieval	58473	9.2
HA162	197360	703470	Shieling	Post-medieval	58912	9.2
HA163	198730	704610	Croft	Post-medieval	58913	9.2
HA164	203266	707955	Shieling	Post-medieval	58944	9.2
HA165	194880	699760	Croft	Post-medieval	58970	9.2
HA166	197067	705136	Shieling	Post-medieval	59008	9.2
HA167	200959	701545	Burial Ground [Erroneously located record, linked to parish church at Strachur 8.6km eastward]	Post-medieval	59010	9.2
HA168	197125	701802	Cairn	Post-medieval	59014	9.2
HA169	199760	703840	Drove Road	Post-medieval	59015	9.2
HA170	200310	704030	Shieling	Post-medieval	59111	9.2
HA171	202367	707350	Shieling	Post-medieval	59112	9.2
HA172	196499	706248	Croft; Settlement	Post-medieval	59137	9.2

HA ref.	Coordinates		Description	Period	WoSAS HER/HES ref.	Fig No.
	Easting	Northing				
HA173	195857	700107	Drove Road	Post-medieval	59140	9.2
HA174	201900	707000	Shieling	Post-medieval	59145	9.2
HA175	200930	704450	Shieling	Post-medieval	59146	9.2
HA176	204000	706950	Shieling	Post-medieval	59147	9.2
HA177	196839	700520	Croft; Settlement	Post-medieval	59212	9.2
HA178	194928	699714	Enclosure	Post-medieval	59280	9.2
HA179	196982	703478	Shieling	Post-medieval	59286	9.2
HA180	196926	705928	Shieling	Post-medieval	59315	9.2
HA181	204160	707520	Enclosure	Post-medieval	59338	9.2
HA182	198213	704981	Shieling	Post-medieval	59340	9.2
HA183	199526	704298	Cairn	Post-medieval	59359	9.2
HA184	198886	705043	Shieling	Post-medieval	59360	9.2
HA185	196092	702783	Shieling	Post-medieval	59364	9.2
HA186	196055	702716	Shieling	Post-medieval	59365	9.2
HA187	194592	705095	Sheepfold	Post-medieval	59399	9.2
HA188	203569	707823	Sheepfold	Post-medieval	59404	9.2
HA189	196300	706140	Platform	Post-medieval	59414	9.2

HA ref.	Coordinates		Description	Period	WoSAS HER/HES ref.	Fig No.
	Easting	Northing				
HA190	199112	704328	Cairn	Post-medieval	59445	9.2
HA191	199215	704215	Cairn	Post-medieval	59446	9.2
HA192	199271	704135	Cairn	Post-medieval	59447	9.2
HA193	199350	704058	Cairn	Post-medieval	59448	9.2
HA194	196397	706288	Bridge	Post-medieval	59496	9.2
HA195	200930	704440	Shieling Hut	Post-medieval	61510	9.2
HA196	198882	704817	Shieling Hut	Post-medieval	61609	9.2
HA197	198874	704760	Shieling Hut	Post-medieval	61610	9.2
HA198	199100	704300	Cairn	Post-medieval	61615	9.2
HA199	196830	706050	Structure	Post-medieval	61618	9.2
HA200	199394	703475	Shieling Hut	Post-medieval	61686	9.2
HA201	200851	704406	Shieling Hut	Post-medieval	61687	9.2
HA202	197084	705147	Structure	Post-medieval	61693	9.2
HA203	198888	704803	Shieling Hut	Post-medieval	61754	9.2
HA204	198854	704849	Shieling Hut	Post-medieval	61755	9.2
HA205	198855	704855	Shieling Hut	Post-medieval	61756	9.2
HA206	196220	703574	Rock Shelter	Post-medieval	61758	9.2

HA ref.	Coordinates		Description	Period	WoSAS HER/HES ref.	Fig No.
	Easting	Northing				
HA207	200312	704039	Structure	Post-medieval	61761	9.2
HA208	196950	703470	Structure	Post-medieval	61763	9.2
HA209	200847	704395	Shieling Hut	Post-medieval	61815	9.2
HA210	200844	704429	Shieling Hut	Post-medieval	61816	9.2
HA211	198835	704852	Shieling Hut	Post-medieval	61817	9.2
HA212	198828	704756	Bridge	Post-medieval	61819	9.2
HA213	199396	703471	Shieling Hut	Post-medieval	61898	9.2
HA214	199396	703672	Shieling Hut	Post-medieval	61899	9.2
HA215	199376	703441	Shieling Hut	Post-medieval	61900	9.2
HA216	199375	703428	Shieling Hut	Post-medieval	61901	9.2
HA217	200833	704398	Shieling Hut	Post-medieval	61902	9.2
HA218	200844	704429	Shieling Hut	Post-medieval	61903	9.2
HA219	200821	704384	Shieling Hut	Post-medieval	61971	9.2
HA220	200824	704391	Shieling Hut	Post-medieval	61972	9.2
HA221	200866	704402	Shieling Hut	Post-medieval	61973	9.2
HA222	198876	704826	Shieling Hut	Post-medieval	61974	9.2
HA223	198862	704854	Shieling Hut	Post-medieval	61975	9.2



HA ref.	Coordinates		Description	Period	WoSAS HER/HES ref.	Fig No.
	Easting	Northing				
HA224	196802	706820	Drove road	Post-medieval	15469	9.2